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WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1899-FOURTEEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

A BIG JOB FOR A SMALL "BOBBY."

FIGHT AT CALAMBA

Insurgent Filipinos Pursued for Three

CAPT. HOWARD KILLED YESTERDAY

able messages from Gen. Otis in regard to the latest military operations in the Philippines. The first was as follows:

"The forwarding of supplies to that point continues, attended with some difficulty on account of lack of transportation, which will be supplied soon.

"The insurgents in southern Luzon attacked Calamba. These were driven off. No casualties.

"Manilla, October 23, 1839.

"Adjutant General, Washington:

"This morning Kline, commanding at Calamba, vigorously attacked the insurgent force concentrating on his front, routed them from the trenches and pursued them three miles. His casualties were one private killed, one corporal and three privates wounded. Enemy's loss is unknown.

"OTIS."

Captain Howard, whose death is anounced by General Otis, was a sen of Gen-O O. Howard of the regular army. He was appointed a second lieutenant of the 12th Infantry August 31, 1876, and served with his regiment in California and in Arlzona until February, 1880. He was aid-de-camp to General Howard from May, 1880. to October, 1885, being also under instructions at the Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va., from June, 1880, to April, 1882. He rejoined his regiment in October, 1885, and served with it in New York and in Dakota, until May, 1889, when he was again made aid-decamp to General Howard, and served in that capacity until 1883. In January of that year he was transferred to the quartermaster's department, with the rank of captain, and had charge of the construction of Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., until March, 1898, when he was appointed major and quarterhis regiment in California and in Arlzona. of Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., until March, 1838, when he was appointed major and quarter-master of volunteers, and assigned to duty with the chief quartermaster of the department of the gulf. In June, 1898, he was made chief quartermaster of the 2d Army Corps, with the rank of lieutenant colonel, which office he held until June, 1898, at which time he went to Manila for duty on the staff of General Lawton, as chief quartermaster of the 1st Division of the 8th Army Corps. It was while serving in that capacity that he was killed yesterday, near Arayat, by concealed insurgents.

Arayat, by concealed insurgents.

Mr. T. J. Stedman, his clerk, who was with him at the time, was also wounded by the fire. Mr. Stedman is a furloughed civil service clerk of the engineer department, who has been temporarily employed in the office of the depot quartermaster at New York since July, 1878.

The news of the death of Capt. Howard was received in this city with deep regret. was well known here when he attended He was a fine, manly boy and

school as a boy during the time that his father was at the head of the Freedmen's bureau and was president of Howard Unigrew to manhood making many friends in

WILL PROCEED SLOWLY. Departure of the Cruiser New Or-

leans for Manila. The cruiser New Orleans, in command of Captain Longnecker, left New York Saturday afternoon on her long voyage to

Manila by way of the Suez canal. Her boilers are said to be in fairly good condition, but the ship will not be able to make over ten knots an hour. Owing to her somewhat crippled condition, due to the excessive speed in preparing her for service in the Philippines, it will take her about three months to make the trip. Her first stop will be at Algiers, and she will also stop at Port Said and Colombo for coal

Gen. Shafter, at San Francisco, reports to the War Department the arrival at San Francisco, yesterday, of the transport Senator, which left Manila September 22, with forty-nine officers and 765 men of the 51st Iowa Volunteer Infantry. The news of the safe arrival of this vessel is exceedingly gratifying to the officials of the War Department, inasmuch as there was a fear

Gen. Otis notified the War Department today that the transport Columbia sailed

HOSPITAL CORPS AT MANILA.

Enlistment of All Desirable Men Offering Themselves.

Surgeon Gen. Sternberg today received

stewards, 98 acting hospital stewards, 1.041 privates of the Hospital Corps, and that he requires twelve more stewards, 32 acting ospital stewards and 700 privates, in view of the increase of the army. There are now on the way to the Philippines 4 hospital stewards, 10 assistants and 208 privates; there are with the volunteer regiments now under orders to the Philippines 42 stewards, 14 assistants and 168 privates; there are at Washington barracks and Fort Columbus 120 privates awaiting transportation. This almost fills the quota called for by Manila to meet the increase of the service. Enlist-ments are being made of all desirable men offering themselves. They are sent to the schools of instruction at Washington barracks, Angel Island, Cal., to be forwarded to Manila for duty when their services are required.

PHILIPPINE COMMISSION.

Arrangements have been made for a con-It Will Not Meet Before Wednesday tractor's trial of the battle ship Kentucky or Thursday.

The Philippine commission will probably not meet before Wednesday or Thursday, as it is not likely that all the members will reach Washington before that time.

BRITISH FALL BACK

General Yule Abandons Dundee and Stands at Glencoe.

BOERS APPEAR IN STRONG FORCE

Parliament Asked to Vote More Money for the War.

THE FIGHTING YESTERDAY

LONDON, October 23.-The parliamentary secretary of the war office, Mr. George Wyndham, made a statement in the house of commons today, saying:

"Lord Wolseley sums up the position in Natal early this morning as follows:

who lost heavily. " 'A large column of the enemy appeared, advancing from the north and west on Gen. Yule, who consequently had fallen back from Dundee and was concentrating at Glencoe Junction In this operation we gather in the wounded and medical attendants left

et Dundee.
"Gen. White was in position at Ladysmith and is being reinforced from Pietermaritzburg.

"'The enemy appears to be in large numerical superiority."

Expenditure Due to War.

The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, made a statement on the question of the expenditure entailed by the Transvaal war. He said the expenditure for the year had been increased by the supplementary vote to a total of £121,-205,000, but, he added, the revenue had increased and he expected there would be an increase of £3,000,000 over his estimate of the revenue. This would be a considerable contribution toward the unforeseen expenditure, and would leave about £7,000,000 to be provided.

He thought there should be no addition to the fixed debt, but that the money should be raised by a temporary addition to the floating gebt. The chancellor of the exchequer therefore asked for power to raise £8,000,000 by treasury bills, the whole question of repayment and the question of the fresh taxation to be left over the next

Sir Machael also pointed out that the present war differed from previous ones and that the estimates had been more carefully drawn up. No one could foresee what the total cost would be, but the British troops had met with brilliant success and the colonies were loyal. There might be something in today's reports giving cause for anxiety, yet he saw no reason to an ticipate that the campaign would not be brought to a successful conclusion within the period for which the estimates were

Cost to Come Out of Transvaal.

As British colonies had been invaded, h laws of war if, when it was brought to a successful termination, the Transvaal taxpayer should at any rate have to bear part

The Transvaal, he continued, was wealthy in its gold fields. There had been com plaints from those interested in the gold fields that there had been excessive taxa tion, but he believed from the best information that under a pure and honest government it would be perfectly possible for the Transvaal to bear not only the or dinary expenses of government and of providing for the maintenance of peace and order within its territory, but also to pro vide a reasonable sum toward the expense of the war, with a reduction at the sam time of the taxation of the gold fields.

Continuing, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach said "If these anticipations are not fulfille and the sum borrowed proves to be but part of the total cost of the war we shall appeal to your patriotism next April. We believe that those who have supported u in the prosecution of this work will no fall us when it comes to pay the bl.l. If fresh taxation were introduced now it might prolong the debate and produce division which might be entirely misunde: stood abroad. I shall not take any course which will promote a division or prevent us from presenting a united front in this

Opposition Acquiesces. Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the

leader of the opposition, agreed that this was not the proper time to discuss the financial question, and that it was not de sirable to show a sign of disunion, The proposals of Sir Michael Hicks Beach were agreed to by a vote of 336-

The reference of the chancellor of the exchequer to the anxiety as to the latest news apparently referred to Lord Wolse ley's announcement that the British wer falling back from Dundee before superior

The departure of the various contingents of the army corps was continued today, and

was effected smoothly. There were striking scenes of enthusiasm wherever the troops were embarking, and the 2d Royal Irish Fusileers had an especially noteworthy send-off at Colchester, where they almost had to fight their

way to the railroad station. EFFECT OF BRITISH VICTORIES.

Belief That the Boers Will Soon Sue

for Peace. LONDON, October 23.—The British victories in Natal, following each other in quick succession, though accompanied by heavy losses on the side of the victors, bear striking testimony to the valor of the vanquished Boers. They appear to have fallen victims to the very plan which they counted on to drive the British into the sea. They have been beaten in detail by counter strokes carefully considered and brilliantly carried out in the face of courageous opposition, which has done much to increase British respect for the burgiers, whose splendid valor and determination, it is universally admitted, reached the highest level.

Fuller accounts of Saturday's battle at Elandslaagte emphasize the splendid gallantry exhibited on both sides, and the superiority of the British in a pitched battle, although the Boers fought with the greatest tenacity to the last, only yielding when further fighting was hopeless. An armored train with the men of the Manchester regiment appeared on the left at Ladysmith at daybreak Saturday in support of the Johannesburg imperial light horse and the Natal field artillery, with the object of reopening communication at Elandslaagte. The artillery took up a position above the town and shelled the rallway station, from

eased the English prisoners. Boers Open Hot Fire.

The Boers, numbering some 1,600 men, with three guns, occupied a commanding position. They poured such a well directed ire on the British and their scouts were so active that the British force steadily retired until reinforcements arrived, when he mounted infantry was sent to drive the

A large force of mixed cavalry, in the neanwhile, swept over the plain and up he hill on the right. The Lancers were met with a heavy fusiliade, while on the left a British battery opened fire with good

Boer scouts from the ridge on the right.

The British infantry, who had debarked from the railway train in the interim, advanced steadily over the plain and up the ocky ridge previously cleared by the cavalry. The Boer artillery dropped shrapnel into the advancing columns, but the British finally scaled the hill, whence they overlooked the broad valley to three rocky nills forming the Boers' position, their camp being in the center. On the left center the "In the battle of Elandslaagte, October | Smaller bills "In the battle of Elandslaagte, October 21, two gunn were captured from the Boers, the Boer right was the station in a valley on the British left. The latter's cavalry was on both flanks, and a battery on the right was busy throwing shrapnel at the Boers' batteries.

The British infantry formed for the attack in extended order behind the brow of a hill, the Devonshires on the left, with four companies of the Manchesters and some of the Gordons on the right.

British Advance Begins.

At about 5 p.m. the infantry advanced through the valley as steadily as on a field day. Half way down the slope they met a terrific infantry and artillery fire. The men fell rapidly, and the wounded were carried to the rear. But in spite of the steady work of the Boer guns and the sharpshooters concealed behind the rocks, the increasing fire of the advancing British infantry gradually gained the upper hand, and Manchesters and Gordons, edging toward the right, gained the top of the ridge, thus outflanking the enemy's left. At 6 o'clock the bigles sounded the

"charge" and the British swept ahead. The Boers fought to the last, only attempting to escape when further fighting was topeless.

In the meantime the Devonshires, pressing steadily up the left, were strongly opposed at the Boer camp and from the flanking hills and carried both at the charge with wild cheers and bugle blasts. By 7 o'clock the British had gained the

position and "cease firing" was sounded. Three 121/2-pounder Nordenfeldts were aptured, with quantities of munitions. The Boer loss was heavy. The wounded among the rocks were attended to as far as possible in the dark.

Gen. French thanked the troops on the field, especially mentioning Col. Ian Hamilton's splendid handling of the infantry. The British bivouacked on the captured position Saturday night.

Some estimates place the Boar losses at

500 men, but this is perhaps exaggerated. Col. Scott-Chisholm's Record.

Col. Scott-Chisholm of the Imperial Light Horse, who was killed, was formerly attached to the 9th Lancers. He served with distinction in the Afghan war and organization. Whereabouts unknown; vice stinction in the Afghan war and organized the present Imperial Light Horse, a majority of whom are refugees from the

The death of Gen. Viljoen is a severe blow to the burghers, and the death of Gen. Kock and the capture of Gen. Pretorius will handicap the further movements

of this column. According to advices from Durban, Natal the Boers have entered Zululand, a large column advancing toward Meloth.

The best opinions do not credit the report that the Boers are suing for peace or that they are likely to yield at present, though they think the Boers will probably retreat o their line of defense in the mountain passes of Laing's Nek and Drakensburg. where they have blocked the passes with great boulders and masses of rock blown up on either side, and where, if they so de are, they would be able to hold out until the advance of Major General Sir Redvers Buller, through the Orange Free State,

meet the invasion from the south Designs of Foreign Powers.

compelled them to leave the Natal side to

The sensational rumors of the designs of foreign powers inimical to British interest meet with scant credence, though it is admitted it is difficult to explain the immense forces on land and sea which Great Britain s now mobilizing.

naval movements are due to a rumor tha Russia, with the assent of France, is about to acquire from Spain Ceuta or some other aval station on the African coast. Elsewhere it is stated that the movement

In Vienna it is reported that the British

of the French Mediterranean fleet in the neighborhood of the Levant, in order that could easily be joined by the Russian Black sea fleet by the Straits of the Day lanelles, is occasioning suspicion.

Lady Randolph Churchill and Mrs. Arhur Paget are organizing a fund among American ladies in England with the in ention to completely equip a hospital ship for service on the South African coast at cost of \$8,000, Lady Curzon and Mrs Bradley Martin have been invited to join

The authorities in Australia are much exercised at the reports that the imperial government has ordered canned meats in America, though the war office has promised to conserve Australian interests. Those in the best position to judge, however, predict that the packers of the United States will secure large orders, as the British colonies are unable to supply a tithe of he quantity required if the campaign con-

tinues long. What is believed to have been an attempt to wreck military trains bound from Pembroke dock to Southampton was discovered yesterday evening. Five chains were placed on the tracks at points near Swansea. Two trains laden with South African troops passed soon after their discovery.

LOSSES AT ELANDSLAAGTE.

List of the Casualties on Both Sides.

LONDON, October 23.-An official dispatch from Ladysmith, the British headquarters in Natal, dated 10 p.m. yesterday, gives the following list of casualties among the prominent Boers at the battle of Elandslaagte: Gen. Viljoen, killed. Gen. Kock, wounded and captured (since dead).

Gen. Kock's son, killed. Col. Schiel (German officer commanding

the artillery), wounded and a prisoner.

Commander Pretorius, wounded, prisoner. Several Boer standards captured. The following is an official list of the British casualties at the battle of Elandsaagte:

Imperial Light Horse-killed-Col. Scott-Imperial Light Horse-killed-Col. Scott-hisholm.

Wounded-Maj. Sampson, Capt. Orr, Capt.

The Shamrock's crew, together with the Columbia's, are to be entertained at a smo-ker tomorrow night.

which the Boers ran out, and, the British Mullens, Lieut. Curry, Lieut. Shore, Lieut. AT THE WHITE HOUSE Barnes, Lieut. Lieut. Norman.

Second battery of field artillery-Wound-

Second battery of field artillery—Wounded: Capt. Campbell, Lieut. Manley, Staff Capt. Brooke, 7th Hussars.
First Devonshire Regiment—Wounded: Capt. Lafone, Lieut. Gunning, Lieut. Hayley, Lieut. Green.
First Manchester Regiment—Wounded: Col. Curran, Capt. Melville, Capt. Newbigging, Capt. Paton, Lieut. Danks.
The following casualities occurred among the rank and file:
Fifth Lancers—Three troopers wounded.

Imperial Light Horse-Two sergeants and four troopers killed and thirty-five non-commissioned officers and men wounded; one man missing. Twenty-first Field Battery-Three guners wounded.

ners wounded.

Forty-second Field Battery-Two gunners and a driver wounded.

First Devonshire Regiment-Twenty-nine non-commissioned officers and men wound-

First Manchester Regiment-Eleven non commissioned officers and men killed and twenty-six wounded. Gordon Highlanders-Killed-Maj. Denne,

Lieut. Monroe, Lieut. Murray, Lieut. Bradbury.

Wourded-Licut. Col. Dick Conyngham,
Maj. Wright, Capt. Haldane, Capt. Buchanan, Capt. Miklejohn, Lieut. Findlay,
Lieut. Gillat, Lieut. Campbell, Lieut. Hen-

The total number of casualties now stands 42 killed and 155 wounded; grand total, 197. Russian Red Cross Offers Aid.

ST. PETERSBURG, October 23.-The Russian Red Cross Society has determined to offer to help both belligerents in South Africa. The Herald, in making the anouncement, adds: "We preserve appearances with this dual

proposal, but we do not conceal our views." All the papers have opened subscriptions for a volunteer corps, which is being well supported in private circles. Kruger Favors Surrender.

LONDON, October 23.-A special dispatch from Cape Town Sunday says that advices received there from Pretoria report President Kruger as now being in favor of an unconditional surrender. It is added that it is expected the executive council will meet on Monday or Tuesday to discuss the advisability of such a step.

The report, it is stated here, must be accepted with reserve.

CASTRO ENTERS CARACAS.

A Warm Reception Accorded the In-

surgent General. CARACAS, Venezuela, October 23.—Gen. Calpriano Castro, the insurgent commander during the recent revolution, has entered this city. A warm reception was accorded him. There was no trouble when Castro arriv-

ed, and no fear of renewed fighting is felt, as everybody wants peace, without retalia-

Minister Loomis, at Caracas, has cabled the State Department that President An-drade fled without turning over his office or notifying the council, as required by the constitution. His whereabouts are un-The Navy Department has received the

following cablegram from the commander of the Detroit, dated at La Guayra, today: "Castro entered Caracas Sunday evening. Enthusiastic reception. Quiet in this vicinity, but factional differences are awaiting idjustment

The statement of Minister Loomis' dispatch posted at the State Department, was "Cablegram from Minister Loomis, at president of Venezuela in full power ac ording to the constitution. flight held to vacate office. Andrade's cabi

net resigned. Another appointed." AGGRESSIVE CAMPAIGN NEEDED. Col. J. C. Loper's Views on the Philip-

pine Situation. CHICAGO, October 23 .- A special to the Record from San Francisco says: Col. J. C. Loper, in command of the 51st Regiment of Iowa Volunteers, in an inter-

view on the Philippines situation says: "All that is needed now is an aggressiv campaign, with plenty of men, and thi war will be settled in short order. The Filipinos must be thoroughly whipped. That s the only thing they will appreciate just

"Every town taken must be held and war conducted in stern fashion. No more of this Amigo business. The Philippines are a rich country and capable of great commercial development. Our prestige in the orient has greatly increased as a result of our war. We stand in a position to com-mand the wonderful trade if we will only grasp the situation.

CONVENTION STILL IN SESSION.

Maskan Delegates Attack the Present

Criminal Code. JUNEAU, Alaska, October 21, via Seattle, October 23.-The Alaska territorial convention, in session here for seven days, has not yet completed its labors of drafting a suitable memorial to be sent to Congress The convention will not go on record as favoring territorial government, although ex-Gov. Swineford and others favor it. Sitka sent no delegates to the convention, and will be ignored in the bill under prepara-

The criminal code, in effect since July last, is vigorously attacked, particularly the high license imposed. Among other things asked for are the granting of municipal government, a \$15,000 appropriation for Alaskan national guards, \$75,000 for education, and an increase from one to three district courts at Juneau. St. Michael's and Circle City. Probably three delegates will be sent to Washington to present the memorials.

NEGRO SOLDIERS HELD IN BAIL. Charged With Beating Tonto Indians at San Carlos Agency.

GLOBE, Ariz., October 23.-The thirteen negro soldiers of the 25th Infantry accused of beating with clubs four Tonto Indians on the night of October 13, at San Carlos Indian agency, had a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner C. T. Martin, who held the defendants under \$500 ball to appear before the United States grand jury.

The prisoners will be taken to Florence, where the court of the second district meet November 20. The Indian policeman whose skull was fractured by a blow dealt by George Young is still in a precarious co

STRIPPING THE SHAMROCK.

Capt. Hogarth Expects to Be Ready

for Sea This Week. NEW YORK, October 23 .- The crew of the yacht Shamrock were at work early today stripping the yacht of her racing rigging. Her topmast was sent down on deck and then transferred to her storage lighter, after which her running gear was unrove and all her sails taken from the hold and transferred to the lighter. Capt. Hogarth says that he expects to take the mast off tomorrow and to have the yacht under jury rig by the end of the week. Capt. Hogart stated that he called on Designer at the Fifth Avenue Hotel recently and found his condition to be very serious

Cubans Are Awaiting the Promises of Independence.

GENERAL NUNEZ SEES THE PRESIDENT

Senator Platt Has a Conference About New York Matters.

OTHER CALLERS TODAY

Gen, Emilio Nunez, who is attending the commercial congress at Philadelphia as the delegate of the Cuban people, called at the White House today with Senor Quesada to talk over the Cuban situation with the President. General Nunez told the President that the Cuban people are awaiting the promises of independence, and was pleased with the assurance of the President that this would come as soon as possible. The President has stated to a number of people that he soon intends to establish civil government in the island.

Senator Platt Sees the President. Senator Platt of New York was with the President some time, discussing matters ocal to his state. Mr. Odell, republican state chairman, and Mr. Quigg, republican county chairman, are credited with a desire to have the scalps of a number of democrats alleged to be holding federal offices in New York. It is said they have asked Senator Platt to make a fight for the re-moval of these democrats. The senator said this morning that he had not come here regarding any matter of general in-terest

From the White House the senator went to the Treasury Department for a confer-ence with Secretary Gage over the selec-tion of architects for the New York cus-

tom house.

In his talk with Secretary Gage, Senator Platt protested against the selection of Cass Gilbert, who was recommended by the commission appointed under the act providing for the crection of the custom house Viding for the crection of the custom house. The senator's objection is that the custom house ought to be built by an architect who has resided in New York for years, and is familiar with what is needed. He asks that a new commission be appointed to take the matter under consideration. Secretary Gage will decide upon the request by November 1. The Masons Received.

Ancient and Accepted Order of the Scottish Rite Masons, southern jurisdiction. The reception took place in the President's room. Judge Thomas H. Caswell of San

President McKinley this morning received

the members of the Supreme Council of the

Francisco, the grand commander, made a brief talk and presented the members. The President expressed great pleasure at meetng such a distinguished body of men. Director Merziam a Caller. Gov. Merriam, the director of the census, was one of the President's callers. He was accompanied by Thomas Lowery and F. B.

Kellogg of Minnesota, the latter a law partner of Senator Davis. The conference with the President lasted some time. Minister to Argentina. P. Lord of Oregon as minister to the Ar-

HOLDING THE IDAHO MINERS.

Secretary Root Suggests Calling Extra Session of Legislature. Gov. Steunenberg of Idaho had another conference today with Secretary Root respect ing the maintenance of federal custody of the miners who are now held as prisoners in Idaho by the troops. The War Department is extremely anxious to escape responsibility for the further care of thes prisoners. On the other hand, Gov, Steun enberg cannot see his way clear to accepting their custody in behalf of the state. because he has no sufficient force to take care of them. Secretary Root has sugrested as the only way out of the difficulty hat the governor issue a call for a specia ession of the legislature to deal with th continue for a short time at least to hold the priseners and will maintain the present garrison at Wardner.

LAWLESSNESS AT CAPE NOME. Report of Lieut, Jarvis, Commanding

the Revenue Cutter Bear, Captain Shoemaker of the revenue cutter service has received a report from Lieutenant Jarvis, commanding the revenue cutter Bear. The Bear went up the Alaskan coast as far as Point Barrow, and on its way back stopped at Cape Nome, the new gold fields, to which there has been such an immense rush. Lieutenant Jarvis says that typhoid fever is prevalent at Cape Nome but it is hoped that cold weather will put an end to the disease. The sick list is heavy.

There are hundreds of miners at Cape Nome, and the lawless element is large than expected. Lieutenant Jarvis will co operate with the military and other au thorities, and bring away as many people as possible. It is thought that there will be sufficient food and fuel for the winter.

FINANCIAL LEGISLATION.

senate Committee to Meet Before Congress Assembles.

The Senate finance committee will prob ably hold a session about two weeks before Congress meets for the purpose of considering the question of proposed financial legislation. There has as yet been no conference between the Senate committee and the House caucus committee, which has formulated a measure to be proposed to Congress. The Senate committee, on meet-ing, will consider this measure, but from ing, will consider this measure, but from the consideration to this measure that has been given by members of the Senate com-mittee individually and from a judgment of the temper of the Senate it is expected that the committee will not adopt the House measure as it stands, but will draw up one of its own, relying on a conference between the two houses to adjust the matter after each house has passed its own bill.

Discussing Samoan Affairs. The German minister, Mr. Von Mumm and Mr. Eliot, the British member of the Samoan commission, had interviews sepa-rately at the State Department this morn-

ng with Secretary Hay touching Samoar Secretary Root at His Desk. Secretary Root resumed his duties at the War Department this morning after a visit to New York, where he went for the espe-

cial purpose of registering, in order to vote at the coming election. Industrial Commission Adjourns. The industrial commission has adjourned until November 9, when the testimony of a number of important witnesses will be taken on trust and other questions. While no definite arrangement has been made, it is hoped that Mr. Rockefeller, president of the Standard Oil Company, and Mr. John Wanamaker of Philadelphia will be present JOHN BULL: "DID YOU SAY 'MOVE ON!" COMMANDER TAUSSIG'S CASE.

When Practicable Will Be Given An-

other Ship Not on the Asiatic Station. The State Department has received a The incident that occurred in the Philipcablegram from United States Consul Genpines between Rear Admiral John C. Wateral Gudger, at Panama, stating that an son, commander-in-chief of the Asiatic stainsurrection has broken out there and that tion, and Commander E. D. Taussig, in martial law has been proclaimed. In view command of the Bennington, owing to a of the importance of maintaining unintermisunderstanding as to the way in which rupted traffic across the isthmus at this certain orders of the admiral's were to be carried out, as a result of which Commander Taussig was relieved of his command, and ordered to return to the United States, has been closed by the Navy Department's action in the following manner: The rear admiral's action is held to be

to Panama. There is no ship at Mare Island available for immediate service, save the Ranger, which, being under orders to hasten to Manila, is not likely to be diverted

A later dispatch received at the State Dethis time from United Stat Minister Hart, at Bogota, the capital of Co ombia, informs the State Department that the government is informed that a force is coming over to assist the revolutionists. No Magdalena steamers are running.

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED.

Consul General Gudger Reports an

Insurrection at Panama.

LOYAL TO MCKINLEY. Result of Senator Burrows' Tour in the West.

Senator Burrows arrived in Washington last evening from the west. He has been making some speeches on the stump in Iowa and Ohio. He says that it is manifest everywhere that the people are supporting the policy of the administration and that McKinley has a great hold upon them. Everywhere the President has been, the senator says, there has been the greatest manifestation of enthusiasm, and the people everywhere seem to be strongly loyal to the administration. As to the situation in Iowa, Senator Burrows says the fight being made by the democrats does not seem to make much impression, and he says he expects to see the republicans carry the state this fall by a large majority. In Ohio, he says, a hard fight is being made, but in his judgment the republicans are not in danger of defeat. Nash, the republican candidate for governor, he says, will be elected by a plurality of from 20,000 to

30,000.

Personal Mention. Postmaster General Smith has accepted timore November 3 under the auspices of the republican state committee.

Assistant Secretary Allen has gone to his home in Massachusetts for a short vacation. Assistant Secretary of the Interior Davis has gone to Ohio to speak in the campaign,

Columbus, Cincinnati, Toledo, Youngstown and other cities. General Miles and party left here Saturday night for an extended tour of inspection of the army posts of the west.

Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn left here last night to inspect a number of military posts in Nebraska and Wyoming, and will

not return to Washington until about the middle of November. Dr. Linn E. La Fetra, formerly of this city, has been appointed lecturer in physi-ological pedagogics in the School of Pedagogy in the New York University.

Mr. George C. Sholes, after an absence of fourteen months in Porto Rico, represent-

Naval Orders. Commander F. Singer has been detached from the navy yard, Washington, D. C., and ordered to charge of the seventh light

Commander W. L. Field, from inspector

of the thirteenth lighthouse district and to

command the Ranger. Ensign D. F. Boyd, from the Farragut to Ensign E. T. Fitzgerald, from the Texas

house district at Key West, Fla.

to the Yankton.

Independence to the Solace for passage to the Asiatic station. Lieut. Commander J. A. H. Nickels, to the navy yard, New York.
Lieut. Commander C. S. Richman, to the
Ranger and then to the Newark. Paymaster W. B. Wilcox, to the navy yard, League Island. Passed Assistant Paymaster B. P. Du-Passed Assistant Surgeon C. E. Riggs, to

the marine recruiting rendezvous, New

Lieut. R. E. Coontz, to the Enterprise Assistant Paymaster C. J. Cleborne, from the Richmond to the Nashville. Lieut Commander J. M. Roper, to remain at hydrographic office. Acting Warrant Machinist J. F. Penny-

Boatswain J. W. Angus, from the Her-Col. R. W. Huntington of the Marine Corps will be retired January 10.

rupted traffic across the isthmus at this season, it is probable that the Navy Department will be requested to at once dispatch a vessel from San Francisco to look after American interests at Panama.

Mr. Gudger's cablegram was to the effect that the departments of Cundimamarca, Tolima and Santander are in insurrection, though the city of Panama proper is as yet unaffected. The State Department has already called upon the Navy Department for a gunboat to proceed to Panama or some nearby port. The Marblehead is now on the west coast, engaged in survey work, and if she can be reached easily it is proband that she will be ordered to go at once to Panama. There is no ship at Mare Island within the discretionary authority vested in him by article 304, paragraph 3, of the Navy Regulations, it being impracticable to have a court of inquiry, and, owing to the present importance of the Asiatic sta-

tion, it is indispensable that harmony should be maintained in his command. Commander Taussig is regarded, from the time of his arrival in the United States, as having been detached from duty on a forfrom that service. On the gulf side the Detroit is nearest, being at La Guayra, and if the conditions in Venezuela are regarded as warranting her withdrawal she will be sent across to Colon. eign station. He was ordered home and

HAS A PLEASANT CHAT.

Rear Admiral Schley Called on the Secretary of the Navy. Rear Admiral Schley called at the Navy Department this morning and paid his respects to Secretary Long, whom he had not seen since his return from his summer vacation. They had a pleasant chat for about fifteen minutes, during which Admiral Schley said he would start away for the South Atlantic station as soon as his flagship, Chicago, can be prepared for the The latest reports from the New York navy yard indicate that the repairs to the Chicago will be completed about the middle of November.

TO BE SENT BACK.

A Salvation Army Girl Who Has Been Neglected.

immigration has authorized Commissioner

Rodgers, at Philadelphia, to send Maud Annie Marks back to her home in England at the expense of this country. In a communication to the bureau of immigration Commissioner Rodgers tells a pitiful story of the girl's case. He says that she is twenty-four years old, has no relatives in this country, and is destitute. She is afflicted with consumption, and has become a public charge. The story the girl tells is an invitation to deliver an address at Bal- that she was a Salvation Army worker in England, and that when she wanted to come to this country the Salvation Army of England paid her transportation that she might go to Philadelphia and become a worker in the army. She arrived in this country December 17, and went at once to Philadelphia. She was sent out, she says, to beg for a Christmas dinner. The expobeginning at Cleveland today and including ure gave her a bad cold, and lack of atention developed consumption. She de-lares that since she became sick she has been neglected by the army.

Death of George H. Chadwick. General Brooke, at Hayana, has notified

the adjutant general that George H. Chadwick, civilian clerk, adjutant general's office, died in the Havana hospital of apoplexy on the 21st instant. Mr. Chadwick was employed in the adjutant general's office, in this city, from February 8, 1881, to January 24, 1899, when he resigned to accept a position in the adjutant general's office, Division of Cuba, Havana. During ing the Post Office Department, has rethe war with Spain he assisted Mr. Coursey, private secretary to the adjutant general, and was assigned to the night detail, in which capacity he rendered excellent

> Government receipts from internal revenue today, \$1,629,147; customs, \$666,126; miscellaneous, \$532,632; expenditures, \$1, Advance to Insane Asylum.

Government Receipts.

The Secretary of the Treasury today made the first advance to the new superintendent of the Government Hospital for the Insane, Lieut, Commander C. A. Adams, from the Dr. A. B. Richardson, of \$30,300, under his bond, just approved, for the current ex-penses of that institution.

Trial of the Kentucky.

on the 31st instant. This vessel is being built by the Newport News Shipbuilding Company, and is a sister ship to the Kearsarge, recently built by that company Steamship Arrivals.

At New York-American, from Rotterdam; Furnessia, from Glasgow.
At Liverpool, Cevic, from New York;
Umbria, from New York; California, from ook, from the Dolphin to the Constella-Montreal.

At New York, steamer Georgian from At Glasgow, Carthaginian, from Philadel-

Commissioner Powderly of the bureau of

and provisions RETURN OF VOLUNTEERS. Gen. Shafter Reports the Arrival of

that she had met with some mishap in a typhoon off the coast of Japan soon after she had started on her voyage for the United States.

for San Francisco on the 19th instant; that the Belgian King sailed for the same port today; that the transport Siam sailed for Honolulu on the 20th instant.

word from Col. Woodhall, chief surgeon at Manila, that he has at present 38 hospital

Col. Denby of the commission is expected here late this afternoon. He left Chicago at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon for Washington, accompanied by his wife and

Prof. Worcester will not arrive before tomorrow night or Wednesday morning, and as soon as he comes the commission will meet, as Prof. Schurman is expected today or tomorrow. Admiral Dewey is ready to attend the first meeting of the commis-

waste money by poor use of

A Demonstrated Fact.

cannot be benefited by ju-

dicious advertising, and

there is none that may not

There is no business that

Return of the Volunteers From

Manila.

HOSPITAL SERVICE Adjutant General Corbin has received two

ippines. The first was as follows:

"MANILA, October 23, 1899.

"Adjutant General, Washington.

"Capt. Guy Howard, assistant quarter-master and quartermaster of volunteers, was killed yesterday near Arayat, while on the launch Rio Grande River, by concealed insurgents. His clerk, a civilian employe, and native, wounded. A scouting detachment of the 36th Volunteers encountered the insurgents southwest of San Tarita, scattering them, killing six, capturing eight and ten rifles. No casualties. Gen. Lawton is operating at San Isidro.

is operating at San Isidro.

"The forwarding of supplies to that point continues, attended with some difficulty on

The Late Capt. Howard.